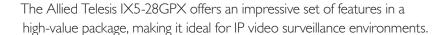


AT-IX5-28GPX

HIGH AVAILABILITY VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SWITCH







The Allied Telesis IX5-28GPX provides a high performing and scalable solution for today's networks. With 24 PoE+ enabled 10/100/1000Mbps ports, two I/10 Gigabit uplinks, plus the ability to stack up to four units, the AT-IX5-28GPX is the ideal solution for video surveillance applications where high performance and resilient PoE power are critical.

High availability

The IX5 was designed with reliability in mind. It guarantees continual delivery of data and streaming video. Dual hotswappable load-sharing power supplies provide resilient system and end-point power, with up to 30 Watts available to power today's pan, tilt and zoom cameras. Factor in the ability to operate at up to 50°C, and the IX5 is an easy choice for modern video surveillance environments.

Network resiliency

You can form a Virtual Chassis Stack (VCStackTM) of up to four devices so you can maintain or reconfigure your network as necessary, without affecting uptime.

Ethernet Protection
Switched Ring
(EPSRingTM) ensures
distributed network
environments have high-speed access to
online resources and applications, and
guaranteed data throughput.

Simplified network management

Modern converged networks have increasing management requirements.

Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) automates many everyday tasks, including configuration management, saving you valuable time and resources.

With AMF's powerful centralized management features, you can manage your complete network as a single virtual device. You can easily grow your network with plugand-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch.

Advanced operating system

The IX5 runs the advanced AlliedWare Plus™ fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard CLI. The industry-standard CLI reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AW+ devices, simplifying network management.

Secure

Advanced security features protect the network from the edge to the core. Unprecedented control over user access is provided with Network Access Control (NAC), to mitigate threats to network infrastructure. This ensures the network is accessed only by known users and devices - users' adherence to network security policies is checked, and either access is granted or remediation is offered. Secure access can also be provided for guests. A secure network

environment is guaranteed, with powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, and other multi- layered security features built right into the AT-IX5-28GPX switch.

Future-proof

The flexibility of the AT-IX5-28GPX, coupled with the ability to seamlessly add new nodes to a VCStack of multiple units, ensures a future-proof network. The AT-IX5-28GPX comes with a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, ensuring it is ready for all your future network traffic demands.

ECO friendly

The IX5 supports Energy
Efficient Ethernet, which
automatically reduces
the power consumed by the switch
whenever there is no traffic on a port.
This sophisticated feature can significantly
reduce operating costs, by reducing the
power requirements of the switch and
any associated cooling equipment.

New Features

- » Dual hot-swappable PSUs
- » Stackable up to 4 units
- » High performance multicasting
- » Up to 30W PoE+ power on every port
- » AMF ready

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Key Features

Reliable

» Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies maximize network uptime, ensuring a resilient solution where always-on access is required.

Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF)

» Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that you can achieve the every-day running of a network without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, autoprovisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

VCStack™(Virtual Chassis Stacking)

» Create a VCStack of up to four IX5 units with 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth to each unit. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

Long-distance Stacking

» Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

EPSRing™(Ethernet Protection Switched Ring)

- » EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several IX5 switches to form a high-speed protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is ideal for large IP surveillance environments.
- » Super-Loop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains. improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)

» Comprehensive low-latency wire speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical Ethernet services and applications are provided. Time-critical services such as voice and video take precedence over non-essential services such as file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications.

Loop Protection

- » Thrash limiting, also known as rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable — from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- » With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special Loop Detection Frame (LDF) packets that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, you can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap. This feature can help to detect loops before a network storm occurs, avoiding the risk and inconvenience of traffic disruption.

Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

» With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as, tilt and zoom security cameras.

Link Layer Discovery Protocol - Media **Endpoint Discovery (LLDP - MED)**

» LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power requirements, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

Voice VLAN

» Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voicededicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

sFlow

» sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled

packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

» DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

Tri-authentication

» Authentication options on the IX5 also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods—IEEE 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

» AlliedWare Plus delivers industry-standard Access Control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether routed packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way.

Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+) Authentication and

» TACACS+ provides access control for network users from a centralized server. Authentication is carried out via communication between the local switch and a TACACS+ server to check the credentials of users seeking network access. Accounting keeps a record of commands entered during user sessions to ensure a secure network and clear audit trail.





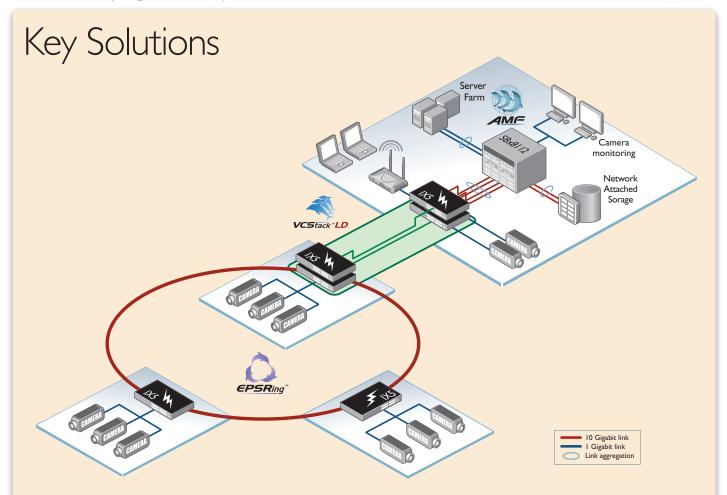


Diagram 1: IP Video Surveillance

IP Video Surveillance

With the evolution of CCTV technology to digital IP-based systems, the emphasis has moved from simple video footage monitoring, to intelligent systems with video analytics capable of identifying abnormal events or behavior. As intelligence increases in these systems, so too do the applications for this technology — from retail outlets, warehouses and office buildings, to hotels, hospitals and advanced traffic monitoring systems.

Modern high definition digital images are sharper and clearer than ever before. Large amounts of digital video can be stored on Network-Attached Storage (NAS) systems, and digital images don't degrade over time.

Allied Telesis provides secure and resilient IP video surveillance network solutions. The key features of our AT-IX5-28GPX switch make it ideal for use in advanced surveillance systems:

- Dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies, and support for operation up to 50°C ensure maximum network uptime.
- Power over Ethernet (PoE+) provides up to 30 Watts to end-points, supporting the latest generation of pan, tilt and zoom IP cameras.
- High performance multicast support manages large numbers of digital video streams across the network.
- Long-Distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack-LD) is ideal to spread network distribution, while keeping total resilience.
- Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) provides a high-speed ring topology with failover in a little as 50ms, supporting large IP surveillance environments with an 'always-on' solution.

With the AT-IX5-28GPX and other advanced switching products, Allied Telesis IP video surveillance solutions are dependable, scalable and ready for the next generation of digital monitoring technologies.

the solution: the network IX5-28GPX | 3

IX5-28GPX | High Availability Video Surveillance Switch



Product Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	10 GIGABIT Stacking Ports	MAX POE+ PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
AT-IX5-28GPX	24	-	2	2*	24	128Gbps	95.2Mpps

^{*} Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when unit is not stacked

Performance

- » 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth
- » Supports 9kB Jumbo frames
- » Wirespeed multicasting
- » Up to 32K MAC addresses
- » 512MB DDR SDRAM
- » 64MB flash memory
- » Packet Buffer memory: IX5-28 2MB

Reliability

- » Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- » Redundant power supplies load share providing uninterrupted power and extra reliability
- » Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Power Characteristics

- » AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)
- » Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

Expandability

» Stackable up to four units of IX5 in a VCStack

Flexibility and Compatibility

- » SFP+ ports will support any combination of 1000X, 1000SX, 1000LX, 1000ZX, 1000ZX CWDM SFPs or 10G-SR, 10G-LR, 10G-ER SFP+ modules
- » Stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools

- » Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- » Find-me device locator
- » Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- » Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- » Port mirroring
- » TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6

IPv4 Features

- » IPv4 static routing
- » Black hole routing
- » Directed broadcast forwarding
- » DNS relay
- » UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)

IPv6 Features

- » IPv6 static routing
- » 6to4 tunneling
- » DHCPv6 relay
- » DNSv6
- » IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- » Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- » NTPv6

Management

- » Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- » Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zerotouch device installation and recovery
- » Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- » Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- » Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- » Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- » Powerful CLI scripting engine
- » Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- » Built-in text editor
- » Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- » USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service (QoS)

- » Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- » Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- » Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, Port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- » Policy-based storm protection
- » Extensive remarking capabilities
- » Taildrop for queue congestion control
- » Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling

Resiliency Features

- » Stacking ports can be configured as 10G Ethernet ports
- » Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic.
- » Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- » EPSRing
- » EPSR enhanced recovery

» PVST+ compatibility mode

- » EPSR SuperLoop Protection (SLP)
- » Automatic link flap detection and shutdown
- » Long-Distance stacking (VCStack-LD)
- » Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- » STP root guard
- » VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security Features

- » Access Control Lists (ACLs)
- » Configurable auth-fail and guest VLANs
- » Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)
- » BPDU protection
- » DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- » DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
- » Dynamic VLAN assignment
- » MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- » Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- » Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- » Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- » Secure Copy (SCP)
- » Strong password security and encryption
- » Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 8021v

Environmental Specifications

- Operating temperature range:
 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
 Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- » Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- » Operating relative humidity range:5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- » Operating altitude: 3.048 meters maximum (10.000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- » EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A $\,$
- » Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) AC models only

Safetv

- » Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- » Certification: UL. cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- » EU RoHS compliant
- » China RoHS compliant

Country of Origin

» Singapore

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Physical Specifications and MTBF Figures

PRODUCT	WIDTH	DEPTH	HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEIGHT	
Порост	1110111	DEI 111	II LIGHT	moonina	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED
AT-IX5-28GPX	440 mm (17.32 in)	480 mm (18.89 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	1RU Rack-mount	5.4 kg (11.91 lb)	7.4 kg (16.32 lb)

Power and Noise Characteristics

	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD		
PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT Dissipation	NOISE
AT-IX5-28GPX	81W	276 BTU/h	44 dBA	632W	2156 BTU/hr	52 dBA

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED					
FNUDUGI	10MBPS	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS		
AT-IX5-28GPX	117µs	14.4µs	4.4 μs	3.1µs		

RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams

over IEEE 802 networks

PSU PoE Options

PSU	MAX POE POWER	MAX POE PORTS AT 15W PER PORT	MAX POE+ PORTS AT 30W PER PORT
1 x AT-PWR800	370w	24	12
2 x AT-PWR800	720w	24	24

Standards and Protocols	RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum	RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
	RFC 1122	Internet host requirements	RFC 1239	Standard MIB
AlliedWare Plus Operating System	RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery	RFC 2011	SNMPv2 MIB for IP using SMIv2
Version 5.4.3 - 3.7	RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 2012	SNMPv2 MIB for TCP using SMIv2
	RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with	RFC 2013	SNMPv2 MIB for UDP using SMIv2
Authentication		CIDR	RFC 2096	IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm	RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2
RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5	RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP		(SMIv2)
F	RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)	RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2
Encryption	RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers	RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2
FIPS 180-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)	RFC 1918	IP addressing	RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with
FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA)	RFC 2581	TCP congestion control		traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN
FIPS 46-3 Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)				extensions
Ethernet	IPv6 Feat		RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
IEEE 802.1AX Link aggregation (static and LACP)	RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6	RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)	RFC 2460	IPv6 specification	RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
IEEE 802.3 Ethernet	RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet	RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB
IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T		networks	RFC 3164	Syslog protocol
IEEE 802.3ad Static and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 3056	Connection of IPv6 domains via IPv4 clouds	RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in
IEEE 802.3au Static and dynamic link aggregation	RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6		switched and routed networks
IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)	RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6	RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP
IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+)	RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture		management frameworks
IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)	RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses	RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the
IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X	RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture		SNMP
IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation	RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	RFC 3413	SNMP applications
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X	RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6	RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
IEEE 002.32 1000BASE-A	RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for
IPv4 Features		(SLAAC)		SNMP
RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection	RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the
RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6		SNMP
RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)	RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option	RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard	RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)			RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	Manager		RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the Ethernet-
over Ethernet networks	AT Enterpris			like interface types
RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams	SNMPv1, v2		RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the		AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
presence of subnets	RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management	RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with
RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme		information for TCP/IP-based Internets		RSTP
RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure	RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote ping,
RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)	RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions		traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 1027 Proxy ARP	RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based	RFC 6527	Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3
RFC 1035 DNS client		Internets: MIB-II		,
THE TOOL DISCOUNT	RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the		

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RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the

SNMP

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Multicast S	Support
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IGMP query solicitation IGMP snooping

IGMP snooping fast-leave

IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)

MLD snooping (v1 and v2)

RFC 1112 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) RFC 1112 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) RFC 2236 Internet Group Management Protocol v2

(IGMPv2)

RFC 2715 Interoperability rules for multicast routing

protocols

RFC 3376 IGMPv3

IGMP and MLD snooping switches RFC 4541

Quality of Service (QoS)

IEEE 802.1p Priority tagging Specification of the controlled-load network RFC 2211 element service RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port RFC 2475 DiffServ architecture

RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) RFC 2697 A single-rate three-color marker A two-rate three-color marker RFC 2698 RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

Resiliency Features

IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges

IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 RFC 5798

(VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6

Security Features

SSH remote login SSLv2 and SSLv3

TACACS+ accounting and authentication

IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)

IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control

RFC 2246 TLS protocol v1.0 RFC 2865 **RADIUS**

RADIUS accounting RFC 2866

RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions

RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication

Protocol (FAP)

RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol

Services

RFC 854 Telnet protocol specification RFC 855 Telnet option specifications RFC 857 Telnet echo option

RFC 858 Telnet suppress go ahead option RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)

RFC 1985 SMTP service extension

RFC 2049

RFC 2131 DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) RFC 2132 DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions SMTP service extension for authentication RFC 2554 RFC 2616 Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) Internet message format RFC 2822 DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP RFC 3046 option 82) RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) RFC 3633 IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 RFC 3646 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 RFC 3993 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent RFC 4330 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 RFC 5905 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)

IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q)

IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges

IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port

IEEE 802.3ac VLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057

Voice VLAN



AT-IX5-28GPX Front view



AT-IX5-28GPX Rear view with I power supply



AT-IX5-28GPX Rear view with 2 power supplies

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Ordering Information

Switch and Power Supply options

AT-IX5-28GPX-00

24-port 10/100/1000BASE-T stackable PoE+ switch with 4 SFP+ ports and 2 power supply bays

AT-PWR800-xx

800W AC system and PoE+ power supply

Where xx = 10 for US power cord 20 for no power cord 30 for UK power cord 40 for Australian power cord 50 for European power cord

10GbE SFP+ Modules

AT-SPI0SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SPIOLR

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40km with SMF

AT-SPI0TWI

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SPI0TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SPI0TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

Stacking Accessories

AT-STACKXS/I.0

1 meter copper stacking cable

AT-STACKXS/7.0

7 meter copper stacking cable

AT-STACKOP/0.3

Optical Stacking Module, 300m with MMF

AT-STACKOP/9.0

Optical Stacking Module, 9km with SMF

SFP Modules

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m industrial

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2km

AT-SPLXI0

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 10km

AT-SPLXI0/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 10km industrial

AT-SPBDI0-I3

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310nm Tx, 1490nm Rx) fiber up to 10km

AT-SPBDI0-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber up to 10km

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 40km

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550nm fiber up to 80km

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION			
AT-FL-IX5-EPSR	EPSR Master License Allows the AT-IX5-28GPX to function as the master node in an EPSR network (The AT-IX5-28GPX can function as an EPSR transit node without a license)			



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